

COMPREHENSIVE WRITTEN EXAM – STOR654 MATHEMATICAL STATISTICS

Unless otherwise noted, all problem parts have equal weight. In budgeting your time expect that some part will take longer than others. When solving multi-part problems feel free to use results of earlier parts even if you cannot solve them in proving later parts.

1. Let X_1, X_2, \dots be i.i.d. sample from a Pareto(γ), i.e.,

$$f(x|\gamma) = \frac{\gamma}{(1+x)^{\gamma+1}} I_{(0,\infty)}(x), \quad \gamma > 0.$$

In some of the problem parts below you might need to make extra assumptions? If you make extra assumptions, state them clearly.

- (a) Does Pareto(γ) form an exponential family?
 (b) Find the method of moments (MM) estimator $\hat{\gamma}$ based on the first moment.
 (c) Recall that KL divergence between two densities f and g is

$$KL(f\|g) = \int \log\left(\frac{f(x)}{g(x)}\right) f(x) dx.$$

Prove $KL(f\|g) \geq 0$ and $KL(f\|g) = 0$ if and only if $f = g$ a.s.

- (d) Calculate the $KL(f\|g)$ divergence between f the true Pareto(γ) and g the estimated Pareto($\hat{\gamma}$). (Hint: $\int_0^\infty \frac{\log(1+x)}{(1+x)^{\gamma+1}} dx = \gamma^{-2}$.)
 (e) Assume now that the data is analyzed using a misspecified model under which the observations X_1, X_2, \dots are assumed to be i.i.d. Exponential(λ), i.e., the data was generated from a Pareto but analyzed as if it was exponential. Find the MLE $\hat{\lambda}$ under the misspecified model.
 (f) Calculate the $KL(f\|g)$ divergence between f the true Pareto(γ) and g the estimated misspecified Exponential($\hat{\lambda}$).
 (g) Consider the following sample from Pareto(2): 0.41, 0.39, 0.21, 2.57, 0.40. For this sample compare the quality of the two estimated distributions, Pareto($\hat{\gamma}$) and Exponential($\hat{\lambda}$), using $KL(f\|g)$ divergence between the distribution that generated data (f) and each of the estimated distributions (g).

2. Let X_1, X_2, \dots be i.i.d. sample from a Log-normal(μ, σ^2) distribution, i.e., the sequence $Y_i = \log X_i$, $i = 1, 2, \dots$ is i.i.d. $N(\mu, \sigma^2)$, with $\mu \in \mathbb{R}$ and $\sigma > 0$.
- (a) What is the density and cdf of X_i ? Also find the density of $X_{(1)} = \min(X_1, \dots, X_n)$.
 - (b) Find a minimal sufficient statistic. Is it complete?
 - (c) Compute the expectation $\eta = EX_i$.
 - (d) Find the MLE $\hat{\eta}$ of η .
 - (e) Is $\hat{\eta}$ unbiased estimator of η ?
 - (f) How would you test $\mathcal{H}_0 : \mu = 0$ vs $\mathcal{H}_1 : \mu \neq 0$. What p-value would you use?
 - (g) Propose a test for testing $\mathcal{H}_0 : \eta = 1$ vs $\mathcal{H}_1 : \eta \neq 1$.
 - (h) Assume that $\sigma^2 = 1$ is known and that the prior on μ is $N(0, 1)$. What is the posterior distribution of μ based given the observations X_1, \dots, X_n ?