August 2023

Comprehensive written exam - STOR654 Mathematical Statistics

Unless otherwise noted, all problem parts have equal weight. In budgeting your time expect that some part will take longer than others. When solving multi-part problems feel free to use results of earlier parts even if you cannot solve them in proving later parts.

- 1. Let F(x) be cumulative distribution function (CDF) and define  $F^{-}(u) = \inf\{x : F(x) \ge u\}.$ 
  - (a) Show  $F(x) \ge u$  if and only if  $F^{-}(u) \le x$ .
  - (b) Prove or disprove: If  $U \sim U(0, 1)$ , then  $X = F^{-}(U)$  is a random variable with CDF F.
- 2. Let  $X_1, \ldots, X_n$  be i.i.d discrete random variables with probability mass function  $f(x|p) = p(1-p)^x I_{\{0,1,2,\ldots\}}(x)$ . (Hint:  $P(X_i \ge s) = (1-p)^s$  for  $s \in \{0, 1, 2, \ldots\}$ .)
  - (a) Find the mean, variance, and moment generating function of  $X_i$ .
  - (b) What is the distribution of the minimum  $X_{(1)}$ ?
  - (c) Prove or disprove  $P(\bar{X}_n \ge a) \le \left( (a+1)p\left(\frac{(a+1)(1-p)}{a}\right)^a \right)^n$ , where  $\bar{X}_n$  is the sample mean and  $a > \frac{1-p}{p}$ .
  - (d) Propose a 95% confidence interval for p. Evaluate for  $n = 1, X_1 = 10$ .
  - (e) Assuming that p has prior  $\text{Beta}(\alpha,\beta)$  prior, find the posterior distribution of p?
  - (f) What is the Bayes rule (estimator) using the prior from Part 2e and loss function  $L(a, p) = \frac{p^2(a-p)^2}{1-p}$ ?
- 3. Consider  $X_1, \ldots, X_n$  i.i.d from Gamma(a, a), a > 0, i.e.  $f(x|a) = \frac{x^{a-1}a^a e^{-ax}}{\Gamma(a)} I_{(0,\infty)}(x)$ .
  - (a) Find a method of moments estimator of a.

- (b) Find the maximum likelihood estimator of *a*. (Hint: There might not be a closed form solution. Please state which equation would you solve numerically.)
- (c) Find minimal sufficient statistics for a. Is it complete?
- (d) Define  $Y = \log(X) X$ . What is the support of Y? Calculate the density of Y. Is it a member of exponential family? (Hint: You may need to define your own functions as roots of an equation.)
- (e) For this problem part consider n = 1. Find the UMP test for testing  $\mathcal{H}_0$ : a = 1 versus  $\mathcal{H}_1$ : a < 1. What will be your decision at the  $\alpha = 0.005$  level if X = 1?